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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/007,992	11/07/2001	Robert B. Dybdal	700700-017	3329	
21836 75	590 11/30/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
HENRICKS SLAVIN AND HOLMES LLP			SAMS, MA	SAMS, MATTHEW C	
SUITE 200 840 APOLLO S	STREET		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
EL SEGUNDO, CA 90245			2617	· · ·	
			DATE MAILED: 11/30/2000	DATE MAILED: 11/30/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	T	A 15 44 )				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/007,992	DYBDAL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Matthew C. Sams	2617				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONEI	N. sely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Ju</u>	<u>ıly 2006</u> .					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-15 and 20-32 is/are rejected. 7) ⊠ Claim(s) 16-19 is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	atent Application				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. The Art Unit location of your application in the USPTO has changed. To aid in correlating any papers for this application, all further correspondence regarding this application should be directed to Art Unit 2617.

### Response to Amendment

2. This office action is in response to the amendment filed on 7/8/2006.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-8, 10, 12-13, 20, 22-25 and 28-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sherman et al. (US-6,021,309 hereinafter, Sherman) in view of Ibanez-Meier et al. (US-5,946,603 hereinafter, Ibanez-Meier).

Regarding claim 1, Sherman teaches determining the communication link quality employing beacon signals (Col. 15 lines 42-52) comprising the steps of:

equipping a plurality of communication satellites with beacon transmitters that generate beacon signals including a continuous wave (CW) tone and a coded signal that are different for each of the communications satellites; (Col. 15 lines 46-52 and Col. 18 lines 57-63)

providing a communications device, that is capable of establishing UHF communications links with the communications satellites, with means for receiving and processing the beacon signals to determine the quality of the UHF communications links; (Col. 2 lines 14-26 and Col. 26 line 9 through Col. 27 line 65) and

providing the communications device with means for communicating to a user information pertaining to the quality of the UHF communication links. (Col. 26 line 9 through Col. 27 line 65)

Sherman differs from the claimed invention by not explicitly reciting identifying individual component impairments of a total link degradation.

In an analogous art, Ibanez-Meier teaches a method and apparatus for responding to a blockage environment in the UHF band (Col. 2 lines 19-30) that includes identifying the individual component impairments of a total link degradation. (Col. 4 line 30 through Col. 6 line 44) At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement the multiple satellite communication network of Sherman after modifying it to incorporate responses to blockage environments of Ibanez-Meier. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this since the service provided by non-geosynchronous satellites varies due to the position of the mobile user as well as the satellite moving across the sky. (Ibanez-Meier Col. 2 line 31 through Col. 3 line 21)

Regarding claim 2, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the coded signal is within a communications bandwidth employed by the communications satellite; (Sherman Col. 4 lines 18-32 e.g. CDMA pilot signal) and

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the CW tone is out of the communications bandwidth. (Sherman Col. 4 lines 40-51 and Col. 15 lines 42-52)

Regarding claim 3, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the communication device comprises a transponder. (Sherman Col. 1 lines 19-25)

Regarding claim 4, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the communication device comprises at least one of a mobile voice communicator and a mobile data communicator. (Sherman Col. 19 lines 48-50)

Regarding claim 5, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier obviously teaches the means for receiving and processing the beacon signals comprises a processor. (Ibanez-Meier Fig. 13)

Regarding claim 6, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier obviously teaches the means for receiving and processing the beacon signals comprises one or more beacon receivers. (Sherman Col. 15 lines 42-52)

Regarding claim 7, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier obviously teaches one or more beacon receivers comprise a continuous wave tone beacon receiver. (Sherman Col. 15 lines 42-52)

Regarding claim 8, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier obviously teaches that one or more beacon receivers comprise a coded signal beacon receiver. (Sherman Col. Col. 4 lines 18-32)

Regarding claim 10, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the means for communicating information provides a real time indication of link quality. (Ibanez-Meier Col. 9 line 61 through Col. 10 line 11)

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Regarding claim 12, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the information includes noise information. (Sherman Col. 15 lines 29-52)

Regarding claim 13, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the information includes interference information. (Sherman Col. 15 lines 29-52)

Regarding claim 20, the limitations of claim 20 are rejected as being the same reasons set forth above in claim 1.

Regarding claim 22, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the link impairment factors include a propagation loss factor. (Sherman Col. 4 lines 17-31)

Regarding claim 23, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the link impairment factors include an interference factor. (Sherman Col. 6 lines 3-12)

Regarding claim 24, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the link impairment factors include a noise factor. (Sherman Col. 6 lines 3-12)

Regarding claim 25, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the processor is programmed to process data perftaining to variations in measured signal levels of the beacon signals to determine one or more link impairment factors. (Sherman Col. 23 lines 37-49 and Ibanez-Meier Col. 4 line 30 through Col. 6 line 44)

Regarding claim 28, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the communications stations comprise communication satellites. (Sherman Fig. 1 [22, 24 & 26])

Regarding claim 29, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the communications stations are part of one or more terrestrial cellular networks. (Sherman Col. 4 lines 17-31)

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Regarding claim 30, the limitations of claim 30 are rejected as being the same reasons set forth above in claim 1.

5. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Rydbeck et al. (US-5,930,718 hereinafter, Rydbeck).

Regarding claim 11, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the limitations of claim 1 above, but differs from the claimed invention by not explicitly reciting a display device operably interconnected to the communications device.

In an analogous art, Rydbeck teaches a display device connected to a satellite phone. (Col. 6 lines 39-53) At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement the communication device of Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier after modifying it to incorporate the display for a satellite phone of Rydbeck. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this since having a display allows for viewing the data that is downloaded through the communication link and for viewing alerts. (Col. 6 lines 39-53 and Col. 11 lines 26-29)

6. Claims 14 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Lin et al. (US 2002/0114398 hereinafter, Lin).

Regarding claim 14, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the limitations of claim 1 above, but differs from the claimed invention by not explicitly reciting information pertaining to scintillation caused by multipath or ionospheric effects.

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In an analogous art, Lin teaches determining link quality with information that includes scintillation information pertaining to scintillation caused by multipath or ionospheric effects. (Page 1 [0007], Page 2 [0017] and Page 5 [0052]) At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement the method of determining communication link quality of Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier after modifying it to incorporate the scintillation information of Lin. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this since UHF satellite uplinks are susceptible to fading and scintillation.

Regarding claim 26, the limitations of claim 26 are rejected as being the same reason set forth above in claim 14.

7. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Gilmore et al. (US-5,835,847 hereinafter, Gilmore).

Regarding claim 15, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches a method that includes modeling changes in the transmission power (Sherman Col. 20 lines 53-62), but differs from the claimed invention by not explicitly reciting providing the communications device with a means for adjusting a transmission power of the communications device.

In an analogous art, Gilmore teaches a system and method for a low earth orbiting satellite communications system that includes providing the communications device with a means for adjusting a transmission power of the communications device.

(Gilmore [Abstract]) At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to

one of ordinary skill in the art to implement the communication system of Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier after modifying it to incorporate the adjusting of transmission power of Gilmore. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this since keeping the transmitting power low enables for a greater number of simultaneous transmissions. (Col. 2 lines 44-56)

8. Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier as applied to claim 20 above, and further in view of Duggan (US-4,776,035).

Regarding claim 27, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches determining communication link quality employing beacon signals of claim 20, but differs from the claimed invention by not mentioning sequentially determining the link qualities.

In an analogous art, Duggan teaches of a processor that is programmed to sequentially determine the link qualities. (Col. 12 line 63 through Col. 13 line 9) At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement the communication system of Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier after modifying it to incorporate the sequentially determined link qualities of Duggan. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this since multitasking with a processor requires more power and memory, which would drive up costs of the invention.

9. Claims 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier as applied to claim 1 and 20 above, and further

in view of the Applicant's admitted prior art, Dybdal et al. (US-5,781,845 hereafter, Dybdal).

Regarding claim 31, Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier teaches the limitations of claims 1 and 20, including multipath considerations (Sherman Col. 6 lines 19-37), but differs from the claimed invention by not mentioning estimating values of time delay components resulting from multipath.

In an analogous art, Dybdal teaches using weighting values for time delays in equalization for a plurality of antenna elements. (Col. 8 lines 30-51) At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to implement the communication system of Sherman in view of Ibanez-Meier after modifying it to incorporate the time delays of Dybdal. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this since weighting values for time delay can reduce the signal degradation of reflections. (Col. 4 lines 58-18)

## Allowable Subject Matter

10. Claims 16-19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

## Response to Arguments

11. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-32 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Matthew C. Sams whose telephone number is (571)272-

8099. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor. Lester Kincaid can be reached on (571)272-7922. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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MCS 11/27/2006

SUPERVISORY PRIMARY EXAMINER